RALAL BHAKAT COLLEG NALHATI, BIRBHUM



DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTIONS ON EVEN SEMESTER

SESSION: 2018-2019

SEM-2 PHIH (2018-2019)

Burdwan University Syllabus

| Semester- 2 | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------|--|
| Course Code | Course Title | Course Type | L - T - P | Credi t | Marks | |
| CC- 3 | Outlines of Indian Philosophy-II | Core Course | 5-1-0 | 6 | 75 | |

Recommended Topics:

- Sāṁkhya: (i) satkāryavāda, (ii) pañcaviṁśati tattva and tattvapariṇāma, (iii) prakṛti and its guṇa-s, (iv) Notion of puruṣa, bahupuruṣavāda
- 2. Yoga: (i) citta, (ii) cittabhūmi, (iii) cittavrtti, (iv) cittavrttinirodha (v) īśvara
- 3. Pūrva-Mīmāmsā:(i) pramāṇa-s with special reference to arthāpatti and anupalabdhi, (ii) prāmāṇyavāda
- 4. Advaita Vedānta: (i) vivartavāda,, (ii) māyā, (iii) Brahman, jīva and jagat
- 5. Viśiṣṭādvaita Vedānta: (i) Distinction between advaitavāda and viśiṣṭādvaitavāda, (ii) Nature of īśvara, jīva and jagat, (iii) Criticism of Saṁkara's Doctrine of māyā
- 6. Khyātivāda: (Theory of Error): Bhāṭṭa and Advaita

| Course Code | Course Title | Course type | L - T - P | Credit | Marks |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| CC- 4 | Outlines of Western Philosophy—II | Core Course | 5 - 1 - 0 | 6 | 75 |

Recommended Topics:

- Locke: (a) Refutation of Innate Ideas and Principles, (b) Theory of Ideas, (c) Theory of Substance,
 Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities and (e) Theory of Knowledge
- 2. **Berkeley:**(a)Rejection of the Lockean Notion of Substance, (b) Refutation of Abstract Ideas (c) Rejection of the Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities and (d) Esse Est Percipii
- 3. **Hume:**(a)Origin of Knowledge: Impressions and Ideas, (b) Laws of Association, (c) Relations of Ideas and Matters of Fact, (d) Notion of Causality, (e) Problem of Personal Identity and (f) Scepticism
- 4. Kant: (a) Idea of the Critical Philosophy, (b) Possibility of Metaphysics, (c) Kant's Copernican Revolution in Philosophy, (d) Role of Sensibility and Understanding in the Origin of Knowledge, (e) Possibility of Synthetic A-priori Judgments and (f) Space and Time
- 5. Hegel: (a) Dialectical Method and (b) The Absolute

Course Code / Course Title Course CC- 3/ Outlines of Indian Philosophy

Recommended Topics: 1. Sāmkhya : (i) satkāryavāda, (ii) pañcavimśati tattva and tattvapariṇāma, (iii) prakṛti and its guṇa-s, (iv) Notion of puruṣa, bahupuruṣavāda

- 2. Yoga:(i) citta,(ii) cittabhūmi,(iii) cittavṛtti,(iv) cittavṛttinirodha(v)īśvara
- 3. Pūrva-Mīmāmsā: (i) pramāṇa-s with special reference to arthāpatti and anupalabdhi, (ii) prāmāṇyavāda
- 4. Advaita Vedānta: (i) vivartavāda,, (ii) māyā, (iii) Brahman, jīva and jagat
- 5. Viśiṣṭādvaita Vedānta: (i) Distinction between advaitavāda and viśiṣṭādvaitavāda,
- (ii) Nature of īśvara, jīva and jagat, (iii) Criticism of Samkara's Doctrine of māyā
- 6. Khyātivāda:(Theory of Error): Bhātṭa and Advaita

MODULE-I

| SL | OUTLINES OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY | TEACH |
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| N | // / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / | ER |
| O | 11 At 1/1/20 III 3/1/20 III 1/20 III 1/ | NAME |
| 1 | 1.Sāmkhya: (i) satkāryavāda, (ii) pañcavimsati tattva and | 1 |
| | tattvapariņāma, (iii) prakṛti and its guṇa-s, (iv) Notion of puruṣa, | SS |
| | bahupuruṣavāda | သ |
| 2 | 4. AdvaitaVedānta:(i) vivartavāda,, (ii) māyā,(iii) Brahman, jīvaand | |
| | jagat | RK |

MODULE-II

| SL | OUTLINES OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY | TEACH |
|----|--|-------|
| N | / A . O. A . X 20 A | ER |
| О | | NAME |
| 1 | 2. Yoga:(i) citta,(ii) cittabhūmi,(iii) cittavṛtti,(iv) | |
| | cittavṛttinirodha(v)īśvara | SS |
| 2 | 5. ViśiṣṭādvaitaVedānta:(i) Distinction between advaitavādaand | RK |
| | viśiṣṭādvaitavāda, | |

MODULE-III

| SL | OUTLINES OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY | TEACH |
|----|--|-------|
| N | | ER |
| О | | NAME |
| 1 | 3. Pūrva-Mīmāmsā:(i) pramāṇa-s with special reference to | |

| | arthāpatti and anupalabdhi, (ii) prāmāņyavāda | SS |
|---|---|----|
| 2 | 6. Khyātivāda:(Theory of Error): Bhāṭṭa and Advaita | |
| | | RK |

Course Code/ Course Title CC- 4 /Outlines of Western Philosophy

Recommended Topics: 1.Locke: (a)Refutation of Innate Ideas and Principles, (b)Theory of Ideas, (c)Theory of Substance, (d) Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities and (e) Theory of Knowledge

- 2.Berkeley:(a)Rejection of the Locke an Notion of Substance, (b)Refutation of Abstract Ideas (c) Rejection of the Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities and (d) Esse Est Percipii
- 3. Hume: (a) Origin of Knowledge: Impressions and Ideas, (b) Laws of Association, (c) Relations of Ideas and Matters of Fact, (d) Notion of Causality, (e) Problem of Personal Identity and (f) Scepticism
- 4. Kant: (a)Idea of the Critical Philosophy, (b) Possibility of Metaphysics,(c) Kant's Copernican Revolution in Philosophy, (d) Role of Sensibility and Understanding in the Origin of Knowledge,(e)Possibility of Synthetic A-priori Judgments and (f) Space and Time
- 5. Hegel: (a) Dialectical Method and (b) The Absolute

MODULE-I

| S | OUTLINE OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY | TEAC |
|---|---|------|
| L | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | HER |
| N | | NAM |
| О | | Е |
| 1 | 1.Locke:(a)Refutation of Innate Ideas and Principles,(b)Theory of | SI |
| | Ideas,(c)Theory of Substance | |
| 2 | 3. Hume:(a)Origin of Knowledge :Impressions and Ideas,(b) Laws of | SI |
| | Association | |
| 3 | 4. Kant:(a)Idea of the Critical Philosophy,(b) Possibility of | AD |
| | Metaphysics | |

| 4 | 5. Hegel:(a) Dialectical Method | AD |
|---|---------------------------------|----|
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MODULE-II

| S | OUTLINE OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY | TEAC |
|---|---|------|
| L | | HER |
| N | | NAM |
| Ο | | Е |
| 1 | 1.Locke: (d) Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities | |
| | and (e) Theory of Knowledge | SI |
| 2 | 2. Berkeley:(a)Rejection of the Locke an Notion of | |
| | Substance,(b)Refutation of Abstract Ideas | |
| 3 | 3. Hume:(c) Relations of Ideas and Matters of Fact,(d) Notion of | SI |
| | Causality | 1 |
| 4 | 4. Kant:(c) Kant's Copernican Revolution in Philosophy,(d)Role of | AD |
| | Sensibility and Understanding in the Origin of Knowledge | 1.1 |
| 5 | 5. Hegel: (b) The Absolute | AD |

MODULE-III

| S | OUTLINE OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY | TEAC |
|---|--|------|
| L | | HER |
| N | | NAM |
| Ο | | Е |
| 1 | 1.Locke: (d) Distinction between Primary and Secondary Qualities | / |
| | and (e) Theory of Knowledge | SI |
| 2 | 2. Berkeley:(c) Rejection of the Distinction between Primary and | |
| | Secondary Qualities and (d)Esse Est Percipii | |
| 3 | 3. Hume: (e) Problem of Personal Identity and (f) Scepticism | SI |
| 4 | 4. Kant: e)Possibility of Synthetic A-priori Judgments and (f) Space | AD |
| | and Time | |
| 5 | 5. Hegel: (b) The Absolute | AD |

SEM-4 PHIH Burdwan University Syllabus

Semester- 4 Course Code Course Title Course Type L - T - P Credit Marks CC-8 Western Logic-I Core Course 5 - 1 - 0 6 75

Recommended Topics:

1. Deduction:

Propositional Logic, 1st Order Predicate Logic (Up to singly general proposition).

Recommended Texts:

- M. Copi, C. Cohen, P. Jetli & M. Prabhakar: Introduction to Logic (13th Edition) [Chapters 3 to 8]
- Ramaprasad Das: Navya-yuktivijnan

| Course Code | Course Title | Course Type | L - T - P | Credit | Marks |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------|------------|
| CC-9 | Psychology | Core Course | 5 - 1 - 0 | 6 | <i>7</i> 5 |

Suggested Topics:

- 1. Nature of Psychology
- 2. Research Methods in Psychology
- 3. Central Nervoussystem
- 4. Perception: Colour and Depth, Pattern Recognition, Perceptual Organization
- 5. Attention: Nature, Conditions, Span and Division of Attention
- **6. Learning:** Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental (Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error Theory, Insight Theory
- 7. Memory: Factors of Memory, Marks of Good Memory, Laws of Association, Causes of Forgetfulness
- 8. Consciousness: Levels of Consciousness, Freud's Theory of Dream
- 9. Intelligence: Insight and Intelligence, Measurement of Intelligence, I. Q. Test of Intelligence

| Course Code | Course Title | Course Type | L - T - P | Credit | Marks |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| CC- 10 | Philosophy of Religion | Core Course | 5-1-0 | 6 | 75 |

Recommended Topics:

1. NatureandScopeofPhilosophyofReligion:(a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma and (b) Philosophy of

Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology

- 2. Originand Development of Religion: Anthropological and Freudien Theories
- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Buddhism: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. Arguments for the Existence of God (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Nyāya Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
- Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments, Buddhist Arguments
- 6. The Problem of Evil
- 7. Monotheism, Polytheism and Henotheism

| Course Code | Course Title | Course Type | L - T - P | Credit | Marks |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| SEC- 2 | Philosophy of Human Rights | SkillEnhancementCourse | 2-0-0 | 2 | 50 |

Recommended Topics:

- 1. Definition and Nature of Human Rights
- 2. TheIdeaofHumanRights:Its Origins and Historical Developments during Ancient period, Modern Period and Contemporary Period
- $\textbf{3.} \quad \textbf{The Idea of Natural Law and Natural Rights:} Thomas \ \textbf{Hobbes} \ \textbf{and John Locke}$
- 4. Natural Right, Fundamental Right and Human Right
- 5. Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties (Indian Constitution) Recommended

Course Code /Course Title

CC-8/Western Logic-I

Recommended Topics: 1. Deduction: Propositional Logic, 1st Order Predicate Logic (Up to singly general proposition).

MODULE-I

| SL | Western Logic-I | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | F 1 1 | NAME |
| 1 | 1. Deduction: Propositional Logic, 1st Order Predicate Logic | 1.1 |
| | (Up to singly general proposition). | // |
| 2 | Chapter -3 | SS |
| 3 | Chapter -4 | SS |

MODULE-II

| SL | Western Logic-I | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 1. Deduction: Propositional Logic, 1st Order Predicate Logic | |
| | (Up to singly general proposition). | |
| 2 | Chapter -5 | SS |
| 3 | Chapter -6 | SS |

MODULE-III

| SL | Western Logic-I | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 1. Deduction: Propositional Logic, 1st Order Predicate Logic | |
| | (Up to singly general proposition). | |
| 2 | Chapter -7 | SS |
| 3 | Chapter -8 | SS |

Course Code/ Course Title CC- 9 /Psychology

Suggested Topics: 1. Nature of Psychology

- 2. Research Methods in Psychology
- 3. Central Nervous system
- 4. Perception: Colour and Depth, Pattern Recognition, Perceptual Organization
- 5. Attention: Nature, Conditions, Span and Division of Attention
- 6. Learning: Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental (Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error Theory, Insight Theory
- 7. Learning: Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental (Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error Theory, Insight Theory
- 8. Consciousness: Levels of Consciousness, Freud's Theory of Dream
- 9. Intelligence: Insight and Intelligence, Measurement of Intelligence, I. Q.Test of Intelligence

MODULE-I

| SL | Psychology | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | / V / O/ m '- Y/ | NAME |
| 1 | 1. Nature of Psychology 2. Research Methods in Psychology | |
| 2 | 3. Central Nervous system | RK |
| 3 | 6. Learning:Classical Conditioning Theory, | SD |
| | Instrumental(Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error | |
| | Theory, Insight Theory | |
| | 7. Learning: Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental | |
| | (Operant) Conditioning Theory | |

MODULE-II

| SL | Psychology | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 3. Central Nervous system | |
| | 4. Perception: Colour and Depth, Pattern Recognition, | |
| | Perceptual Organization | RK |
| | | |
| 2 | 6. Learning: Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental | SD |
| | (Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error Theory, Insight | |
| | Theory | ١. |
| | 7. Learning: Classical Conditioning Theory, Instrumental | |
| | (Operant) Conditioning Theory, Trial and Error Theory, Insight | V V |
| | Theory | P\ \ |

MODULE-III

| SL | Psychology | TEACHER |
|-----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 4. Perception: Colour and Depth , Pattern Recognition, | -11 |
| 1 1 | Perceptual Organization | 1.1 |
| | 5. Attention: Nature, Conditions, Span and Division of | RK |
| | Attention | J// |
| 2 | 8. Consciousness: Levels of Consciousness, Freud's Theory of | SD |
| | Dream | // |
| | 9. Intelligence: Insight and Intelligence, Measurement of | / |
| | Intelligence, I. Q.Test of Intelligence | |
| | | |

Course Code /Course Title CC- 10/ Philosophy of Religion

Recommended Topics: 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma and (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology

- 2. Origin and Development of Religion: Anthropological and Freudien Theories
- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Buddhism: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. Arguments for the Existence of God (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Nyāya Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
- 5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments, Buddhist Arguments
- 6. The Problem of Evil
- 7. Monotheism, Polytheism and Henotheism.

MODULE-I

| SL | Philosophy of Religion | TEACHER |
|-----|---|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion:(a) Religion, | 1.1 |
| 1 | Dharma, Dhamma and (b) Philosophy of Religion, | AD |
| ľ | Comparative Religion and Theology | |
| 2 | 2. Origin and Development of Religion: Anthropological and | AD |
| | Freudien Theories | |
| 3 | 4. Arguments for the Existence of God (Indian and Western): | SI |
| | Yoga Arguments, Nyāya Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, | 7 -1 / |
| l 4 | Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments | -7/ |
| | 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 | 1.7 |

MODULE-II

| SL | Philosophy of Religion | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 2. Origin and Development of Religion: Anthropological and | AD |
| | Freudien Theories | ΑD |
| 2 | 5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological | SI |
| | Arguments, Freudian Arguments, Buddhist Arguments | |

MODULE-III

| SL | Philosophy of Religion | TEACHER |
|----|---|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, | AD |

| | Christianity, Islam, Buddhism: Basic Tenets, Bondage and | |
|---|--|----|
| | Liberation | |
| 2 | 6. The Problem of Evil | SI |
| | 7. Monotheism, Polytheism and Henotheism. | |

(PHIH+PHIG) Course Code /Course Title

SEC-2 / Philosophy of Human Rights

Recommended Topics: 1. Definition and Nature of Human Rights

- 2. The Idea of Human Rights: Its Origins and Historical Developments during Ancient period, Modern Period and Contemporary Period
- 3. The Idea of Natural Law and Natural Rights: Thomas Hobbes and John Locke
- 4. Natural Right, Fundamental Right and Human Right
- 5. Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties (Indian Constitution)

MODULE-I

| SL | Philosophy of Human Rights | TEACH |
|----|---|--------|
| N | | ER |
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| | F 1 1 | Half |
| 1 | 1. Definition and Nature of Human Rights | SI |
| 2 | 2. The Idea of Human Rights: Its Origins and Historical | SI |
| | Developments during Ancient period | / |
| 3 | 4. Natural Right, Fundamental Right and Human Right | SS |
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MODULE-II

| SL | Philosophy of Human Rights | TEACH |
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| N | | ER |
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| | | Second |
| | | Half |

| 2 | 2.The Idea of Human Rights: Modern Period and | SI |
|---|---|----|
| | Contemporary Period | |
| | 3. The Idea of Natural Law and Natural Rights: Thomas | |
| | Hobbes and John Locke | |
| 4 | 4. Fundamental Right and Human Right | SS |
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MODULE-III

| SL | Philosophy of Human Rights | TEACH |
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| | / Z //** " " "A \ \ \ | Second |
| | | Half |
| 3 | 3. The Idea of Natural Law and Natural Rights: John Locke | SI |
| 4 | 4. Fundamental Right and Human Right | SS |
| 5 | 5. Fundamental Rights and Duties (Indian Constitution) | SS |



OLD SYLLABUS

Burdwan University Syllabus

PART-III

Paper-V: Indian Logic

Marks: 100(Minimum 100 classes)

Text: Annambhatta: *Tarkasamgraha* with *Tarkasamgrahadīpikā* [From "sarvavyavahāraheturguņobuddhirjñānam" to "smṛtirapi dvividhā yathārthāyathārthaśceti"]

References:

 Gopinath Bhattacharyya (translated and elucidated) Tarkasamgrahadīpikā onTarkasamgraha, Progressive Publishers, Calcutta

• Narayan Chandra Goswami : Tarkasamgraha of Annambhatta

Kanailal Poddar : Tarkasamgraha

Panchanan Shastri : Tarkasamgraha

PaperVI: Psychology and Socio-Political Philosophy

Marks: 100 (Minimum 100 classes)

Half-I Psychology

Marks: 50(Minimum 50 classes)

- 1. Natureand Scope of Psychology (2 classes)
- 2. Methods of Psychology:

Introspection, Observation, Experimental Method (6 classes)

3. Sensation and Perception:

Nature of Sensation and Perception, Weber-Fechner Law, Gestalt theory of Perception (6 classes)

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3. Memory:

Factors of Memory, Marks of Good Memory, Laws of Association, Causes of Forgetfulness (6 classes)

4. Attention:

Nature, Condition and Span of Attention, Division of Attention 6 classes)

5. Learning:

Theories of Learning: Trial and Error Theory (Thorndike), Conditioned Response Theory (Pavlov), Gestalt Theory of Learning (6 classes)

6. Consciousness:

Levels of Consciousness, Proofs for the Existence of the Unconscious, Freud's Theory of Dream (6 classes)

7. Intelligence:

Instinct and Intelligence, Measurement of Intelligence, I.Q., Binet-Simon Test of Intelligence, Terman-Merril and Wecshler Test of Intelligence.(6 classes)

8. Schools of Psychology: Gestalt School, Psychoanalysis and Behaviorism (6 classes).

- Pareshnath Bhattacharya : A Textbook of Psychology
- G.T. Morgan & R.A. King Jr. : Introduction to Psychology
- G.F. Stout : A Manual of Psychology
- Woodworth & Marquis: Psychology
- R.S. Woodworth: Contemporary Schools of Psychology
- E.B Titchener: A Text book of Psychology
- Pareshnath Bhattacharya: Manovidyā
- Priti Bhusan Chattopadhyay : Manovidyā
- Ira Sengupta : Manovidyā
- M.N. Mitra O Puspa Mishra: Manasamīkṣā
- Samarendra Bhattacharya : Manovidyā
- Debiprasad Chattopadhyay: "Śono bali maner kathā", Anuştup
- Debiprasad Chattopadhyay : Monobijñāyan
- Puspa Mishra (ed.): Ebong Mushaera (Sigmund Freud Samkhyā)

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Half-II Socio-Political Philosophy

Marks:50(Minimum 50 classes)

1. Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy and Political Philosophy (3 classes)

2. Basic Concepts:

Society, Social Group, Community, Association, Institution, Customs, Folkways and Mores (14 classes)

3. Social Class and Caste:

Class Attitude and Class Consciousness, Marxian Theory of Class, Caste System in Indian, B.R.Ambedkar's Criticism of Caste System, Dalit Movement (12 classes)

4. Political Ideas:

- i) Democracy its different forms
- ii) Socialism Utopian and Scientific
- iii) Secularism and its Nature, Secularism in India
- iv) Nation, Nationalism and Internationalism (Rabindranath)
- v) Swaraj and Sarvodaya (M.K.Gandhi)(21 classes)

- R.M.MacIver & C.H. Page : Society
- M. Ginsberg : Sociology
- Tom Bottomore: Sociology
- P. Gisbert : Fundamentals of Sociology
- F. Engles : Socialism : Utopian and Scientific
- Satyabrata Chakraborty : Bhāratbarṣa : Rāṣṭrabhābanā
- Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay: "Secularism in the Present Indian Society"in Bulletin of the Ramkrishna Mission Institute of Culture, Vol. LVII No. II
- D.E. Smith: India as a Secular State
- Krishna Roy : Political Philosophy : East and West
- Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay : Rāṣṭradarśaner Dhāra
- D.R. Jatava : Social Philosophy of B.R. Ambedkar
- Sandip Das : Samāj O RājnaitikDarśan
- Sailesh Kumar Bandyopadehyay : Gāndhi Parikramā
- Bhikhu Parekh : Gandhi's Political Philosophy
- Samarendra Bhattacharya : Samājdarśan O Rāṣṭadarśan
- Sobhanlal Duttagupta : Marxiya Rāṣṭracintā
- John Somarville & Ronald Santoni: Social and Political Philosophy
- M.K.Gandhi : Hindswaraj
- Andrea Veltman: Social and Political Philosophy

10

- Asoke Kumar Mukhopadhyay : Bharatiya Rāṣṭracintā Paricaya
- Nilkanta Ghosal : Hindu Jāt-Pāt-Padabir Bhabiṣyat
- Debi Chatterjee : Mānabādhikar O Dalit
- Partha Chattopadhyay : Prajā O Tantra
- · Surindar S. Jodhka: Caste
- Ambedkar Racanābali, Ambedkar Prakaṣanī.
- V. Rodrigues (ed.): The Essential Writings of B.R. Ambedkar
- Eva-Maria Hardtmann: "Introduction" in Dalit Movement in India
- Ramkrishna Bhattacharya : Bastubād Jijñāsā

Paper-VII: Philosophy of Religion and Philosophical Analysis

Marks: 100(Minimum 100 classes)

Half-I Philosophy of Religion

Marks: 50(Minimum 50 classes)

- 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion (2 classes)
- 2. Origin and Development of Religion (3 classes)
- 3. Religion, Dharma and Dhamma (2 classes)
- 4. Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Buddhism, Jainism:

Basic Tenets, Prophets (if any), Incarnation, Bondage and Liberation (16 classes)

- 5. Arguments for the Existence of God (8 classes)
- 6. Arguments against the Existence of God (5 classes)
- 7. The Problem of Evil (8 classes)
- 8. Monotheism, Polytheism and Henotheism (3 classes)
- 9. God as Immanent or Transcendent (3 classes)

- P.B.Chatterjee: Studies in Comparative Religion
- J. Hick: Philosophy of Religion
- K.N.Tiwari : Comparative Religion
- Kalidas Bhattacharyya : Possibility of Different Types of Religion
- Rabindranath Das : Dharma O Darśan
- Kalyan Gupta & Amitava Chakraborty : Dharma Darśan
- M.M.Sharif: A History of Muslim Philosophy
- M. Fakhry : A History of Islamic Philosophy
- S.R.Saha (ed): Religions of the People of India

11

• R.K.M. Institute of Culture : The Religion of the World

Osman Ghani : Islāmer Cintā O Cetanār Kramabikāś (Daśam Khanda)

Hasan Ayub : IslāmīDarśan

R.S.Franks : The Doctrine of Trinity

• Pijush Kanti Ghosh : DharmaDarśan

Arabinda Basu and Nibedita Chakraborty: Dharma Darśan Paricay

Half-II

Philosophical Analysis

Marks: 50(Minimum 50 classes)

1. Meaning and Definition:

Word-meaning, Definition, Vagueness, Sentence-meaning(10 classes)

2. Knowledge:

Concepts, Truth, The Sources of Knowledge, What is knowledge (10 classes)

3. Necessary Truth:

Analytic Truth and Logical Possibility, The apriori, The Principles of Logic (10 classes)

4. Cause, Determinism and Freedom:

What is cause, The Causal Principles, Determinism and Freedom (10 classes)

5. Our knowledge of the Physical World:

Realism, Idealism, Phenomenalism (10 classes)

Text: J. Hospers: An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis

- J. Hospers : Readings in Philosophical Analysis
- Shibapada Chakraborty: An introduction to Philosophy
- Ramaprasad Das : Darśanik Jijñāsā, (Three Khanda-s)
- Samarikanta Samanta : Darśanik Biślesaner Rūparekha (Pratham O Dvitīya Khaṇda)
- Dikshit Gupta : Biślesani Darśaner Bhumikā

12

Paper-VIII: Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian and Western

(Marks: 100) (Minimum 100 classes)

Half-I

Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian

(Marks: 50)

Philosophical Thoughts of Rabindranath Tagore, Swami Vivekananda, Sri Aurobindo, S. Radhakrishnan, Md. Iqbal and Mahatma Gandhi (Minimum number of classes on each thinker should not be less than 8)

Rabindranath Tagore

(a) Nature of man: The Finite Aspect of Man, the Infinite Aspect of Man, the Finite-Infinite Aspect of Man, (b) Nature of Religion, (c) The Problem of Evil

Swami Vivekananda

(a) Practical Vedānta, (b) Universal Religion, (c) Yoga

Sri Aurobindo

(a) Nature of Reality, (b) Human Evolution—its different stages, (c) Integral Yoga

S. Radhakrishnan

(a) Nature of Man, (b) Nature of Religious Experience, (c) Nature of Intuitive Apprehension

Md. Iqbal

(a) Nature of the Self, (b) Nature of the World, (c) Nature of God

Mahatma Gandhi

(a) God and Truth, (b) Ahimsā, (c) Trusteeship

- B.K.Lal: Contemporary Indian Philosophy
- D.M. Dutta: Chief Currents of Contemporary Philosophy
- Binay Gopal Roy: The Philosophy of Rabindranath Tagore
- Swami Vivekananda: Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda (Vol.II)
- Sunil Roy : Śrī Aurobinder Darṣan Manthane
- Santwana Majumdar: Rabindranather Sattvadarshan
- Sachindranath Gangopadhyay et al: Rabindra-Darshan
- Kalpana Paul-Choudhury: Rabindradarshner Muktibhavana
- Jahar Sen: Gandhipather Digdarshan
- Bhikhu Parekh: Gandhi: A Very Short Introduction

13

Half-II

Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Western

(Marks:50)(Minimum 50 classes) Philosophical thoughts of G.E. Moore, B. Russell, A.J.Ayer, M. Heidegger and J.P. Sartre

G.E.Moore:

(a) The Refutation of Idealism (b) The Defence of Common Sense (11 classes)

R. Russell:

(a) Knowledge by Acquaintance and Knowledge by Description (7 classes)

A.J.Ayer:

(a) The Elimination of Metaphysics, (b) Verifiability Theory of Meaning (11 classes)

M. Heidegger

(a) Being in the World : Existenz, Facticity and Fallenness, (b) Authenticity and Inauthenticity (11 classes)

J.-P.Sartre:

(a) Nothingness, (b) Freedom (10 classes)

References:

- A.J.Ayer : Philosophy in the Twentieth Century
- A.J.Ayer : Language, Truth and Logic
- A.J.Ayer : The Central Questions of Philosophy
- B. Russell: The Problems of Philosophy
- Mrinal Kanti Bhadra: A Critical Survey of Phenomenology and Existentialism
- F. Copleston: Contemporary Philosophy
- J. Passmore : Resent Philosophers
- Somnath Chakraborty : Prasanga : Darśan Jijñāsā
- Debika Saha : Darśaner Samasyābalī
- Debabrata Sinha: Phenomenology and Existentialism: An Introduction
- M.K.Bhadra : Astivād O Mānabatābād
- Dr. Sanjib Ghosh : Pratibhāşvijñān O Astivād
- Swapna Sarkar : Astibādidarśan O Pratibhāşvijñān
- Amit Sen : Bimśa Śatabdīr Biśleshanī Darśan
- Margaret Chatterjee : Six Existentialist Thinkers
- Barry R. Gross, Analytic Philosophy: An Historical Introduction
- Ebang Mushayera(Sārtrer Saṁkhyā)

Part-III

Course Code / Course Title Paper-V: Indian Logic

| SL | INDIAN LOGIC | TEACHER |
|----|--------------|---------|
| NO | | NAME |

| 1 | Annambhatta: Tarkasamgraha with Tarkasamgraha dīpikā [From | AD |
|---|--|----|
| | "sarvavyavahāra heturguņobuddhirjñānam" to "smṛtirapi dvividhā | |
| | yathārthāyathārthaśceti"] | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Course Code / Course Title Paper-VI: Psychology and Socio-Political Philosophy

Half-I Psychology

| SL NO | Psychology | TEACHER NAME |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 1 | Consciousness: Levels of Consciousness, Proofs for the Existence of the | RK |
| | Unconscious, Freud's Theory of Dream | 3. 3. |
| 2 | Intelligence: Instinct and Intelligence, Measurement of Intelligence, I.Q., | RK |
| | Binet-Simon Test of Intelligence, Terman-Merril and Wecshler Test of | |
| | Intelligence | |
| 3 | Schools of Psychology: Gestalt School, Psychoanalysis and Behaviorism | SD |
| | | |

Half-II

Socio-Political Philosophy

| SL | Socio-Political Philosophy | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | Basic Concepts: Society, Social Group, CommMODULEy, Association, | SD |
| | Institution, Customs, Folkways and Mores | |
| 2 | Political Ideas: | SD |
| | i)Democracy – its different forms | |
| | ii) Socialism – Utopian and Scientific | |
| | iii) Secularism and its Nature, Secularism in India | |
| | iv) Nation, Nationalism and Internationalism (Rabindranath) | |
| | v) Swaraj and Sarvodaya (M.K.Gandhi) | |

Course Code/ Course Title

Paper-VII: Philosophy of Religion and Philosophical Analysis

Half-I

Philosophy of Religion

| SL | Philosophy of Religion | TEACHER |
|----|---------------------------------------|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | The Problem of Evil | SI |
| 2 | Monotheism, Polytheism and Henotheism | SI |
| 3 | God as Immanent or Transcendent | AD |

Half-II

Philosophical Analysis

| SL | Philosophical Analysis | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | Cause, Determinism and Freedom: What is cause, The Causal Principles, | SS |
| | Determinism and Freedom | 1.1 |
| 2 | Our knowledge of the Physical World : Realism, Idealism, Phenomenalism | SS |
| | 1 - MAT // 8 / 2 1 '8 11 VIN | -1 |

Course Code/ Course Title

Paper-VIII: Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian and Western

Half-I

Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian

| SL | Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian | TEACHER |
|----|--|---------|
| NO | \\ `72\&\ . &/A` / | NAME |
| 1 | Sri Aurobindo (a) Nature of Reality, (b) Human Evolution—its different | SI |
| | stages, (c) Integral Yoga | |
| 2 | S. Radhakrishnan (a) Nature of Man, (b) Nature of Religious Experience, (c) | SI |
| | Nature of Intuitive Apprehension | |
| 3 | Md. Iqbal (a) Nature of the Self, (b) Nature of the World, (c) Nature of God | SI |
| 4 | Mahatma Gandhi (a) God and Truth, (b) Ahimsā, (c) Trusteeship | MB |

Half-II
Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Western

| SL | Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Western | TEACHER |
|----|---|---------|
| NO | | NAME |
| 1 | A.J.Ayer: (a) The Elimination of Metaphysics, (b) Verifiability Theory of | SD |
| | Meaning | |
| 2 | M. Heidegger: (a) Being in the World: Existenz, Facticity and Fallenness, (b) | SD |
| | Authenticity and Inauthenticity | |
| 3 | JP.Sartre: (a)Nothingness, (b) Freedom | SS |

Note:

| Teacher Name | Short Name |
|------------------|------------|
| Swapan Saha | SS |
| Ranajoy Khan | RK |
| Moumita Banerjee | MB |
| Arunava Das | AD |
| Suchitra Das | SD |
| Sofiqul Islam | SI |

Jahan S.

Signature

IQAC Co-Ordinator

Hiralal Bhakat College

Shapan Sahe

Signature of Hod

Department of Philosophy

Hiralal Bhakat College

Coordinator, IQAC Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati Birbhum

Bha.

Signature

Teacher in-charge

Hiralal Bhakat College

Teacher- in- Charge Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati, Birbhum

